# Report on the hadronic working group

J.P. Wellisch, CERN/EP, GEANT4 activity review 2001

# What I will do

- Lead through the principal considerations behind the design of the hadronic categories in geant4.
- Summarize briefly the activities and implementations existing
- Illustrate the functionality with concrete examples of implementations

# **Principal considerations:**

- Framework functional requirements are obtained through use-case analysis
- Framework components are found through grouping use-cases into independent bundles (cohesion)
- Complex problems require structured solutions
  - Keep abstractions general and implement in framework interfaces
  - Address more specific use-cases in specialized frameworks, that are implementing the interfaces of the more general frameworks
  - Repeat the pattern until all use-cases are covered

==> A **Russian dolls** approach to framework design or "there are frameworks in frameworks in frameworks"

# 1st level framework requirement

 Provide the flexibility to allow for calculation of crosssections and final states for particles in flight and at rest in a medium.



# 2nd level framework requirements

- Flexible choice of inclusive scattering cross-sections
- Possibility to use different data-sets for different parts of the detector
- User shall be able to run geant4 against his own data in a seamless manner
- Flexible choice of final state production code.
- Ability to use different codes in one run, depending on the conditions at the point of interaction
- Ability to use user-defined models in a seamless manner

# 2nd level framework requirements

- Flexible choice of isotope production codes, to run parasitically to any kind of transport codes
- Ability to use different codes in one run, depending on the conditions at the point of interaction
- Ability to use user-defined isotope production codes

! This grouping of requirements according to related usecases results quite naturally in three almost independent framework components at the same level of abstraction.







# **3rd level framework requirements**

### For data driven models

- Possibility to change the data used by the models in a seamless manner.
- For theory driven models
  - Allow to use any string-parton or parton-cascade model
  - Allow to use event generators for final state generation
  - Allow for combination with any intra-nuclear transport
  - Allow stand-alone use of any intra-nuclear transport
  - Allow for combination with any pre-compound model
  - Allow stand-alone use of any pre-compound model
  - Allow for use of any evaporation code

# Level 3 framework design

 The requirement on data driven models is fulfilled by using standard data formats



# 4th level framework requirements

- For string-parton models
  - Be able to choose string decay algorithm, and string excitation
  - Be able to use user-defined string excitation and decay
- For Intra-nuclear cascades
  - Be able to use user-defined models for a nucleus
  - Be able to use user-defined final state and cross-sections data for the intra-nuclear scattering





# **5th level requirements**

#### For string decay

- Allow to change the fragmentation function
- ...more under study...

! At this level, the framework approach has essentially exhausted the complexity of the topic, but note that concrete implementations are possible at any level of the Russian doll. Each doll could be the last.



#### • Particles at rest:

- One complete set of processes 'a'la Geant3'
- Alternative process implementations for stopping pi-, K-, mu-
- Included the electromagnetic transitions of the exotic atom prior to capture, and effects of atomic binding.
- Upgrade for anti-protons in progress

- Inclusive cross-sections:
  - Complete set of cross-section classes 'a la' Geant3.21
  - Specialized data-sets for neutron and proton induced reactions below 20 GeV
  - Specialized data set for ion induced reactions
  - Data sets for neutron induced reactions, elastic scattering, capture and fission of neutrons for energies below 20 MeV.
  - Upgrade for strange particle induced reactions underway.



- Systematic collection and evaluation of experimental data from many sources worldwide
- Databases
  - ENDF/B, JENDL, FENDL, CENDL, ENSDF, JEF, BROND, EFF, MENDL, SAID, EPDL, etc.
- Distribution centres
  - NEA, LANL, LLNL, BNL, KEK, IAEA, IHEP, TRIUMF, FNAL, Helsinki, Durham, etc.

 The use of evaluated data is important for the validation of physics results of the experiments

#### In flight

#### Coherent elastic scattering

- One set 'ala' Geant3.21
- Regge theory based alternative implementation for incoming pi, K, nucleon.
- Data driven specialized models for low energy nucleon scattering off Hydrogen on the way.
- Alternative data driven model for low energy (<20 MeV) neutron coherent elastic scattering with possibility to run against any formatted data library (ENDF/B, FENDL, JENDL, G4NDL, etc..)

- Capture of neutral particles
  - One set 'ala' Geant3
  - Alternative data driven model for low energy (<20 MeV) neutron capture with possibility to run against any formatted data library (ENDF/B, FENDL, JENDL, G4NDL, etc..)

### In flight

#### Fission

- One model 'ala' Geant3
- Alternative data driven model for low energy (<20 MeV) neutron induced Fission (1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th chance) with possibility to run against any formatted data library (ENDF/B, FENDL, JENDL, G4NDL, etc..)
- Alternative theory driven model.

#### In flight

- Inelastic scattering
  - Two models 'ala' Geant3
  - Alternative data driven model for low energy (<20 MeV) inelastic neutron nuclear scattering (36 exclusive final states are considered) with possibility to run against any formatted data library (ENDF/B, FENDL, JENDL, G4NDL, etc..)
  - Alternative theory driven models, see next slides

- In flight, inelastic scattering
  - Theory driven models
    - One parton transport model (concept)
    - Two alternative string model (released)
    - Two types of string fragmentation (released)
    - One quantum molecular dynamics model (release expected 2002)
    - Two alternative intra-nuclear cascades (time-driven 2002, spacedriven - 2001)
    - One chiral invariant phase-space decay model (release imminent)
    - Three alternative nuclear descriptions (2 released, one 2002)
    - Two alternative pre-equilibrium decay models (1 released, one 2002)
    - Three alternative evaporation implementations (2 released, one 2001)

# **Apologies**

- ! My apologies for this flat list of activities without citations or making reference to the people doing/having done the work.
- ! This is solely for the sake of briefness.
- 1 Note that many of the concrete implementations were done by others, and much consultancy was provided in many areas by numerous theorists that have invented the models employed.
- ! Currently 33 people are actively contributing with some of their creativity to the effort in the hadronic working group of geant4.

# Notes:

- It should be noted that the use-case driven approach to implementing modeling possibilities is also open for misuse.
- Some non geant4-members are often observed using models in use-cases for which they have not been made.



