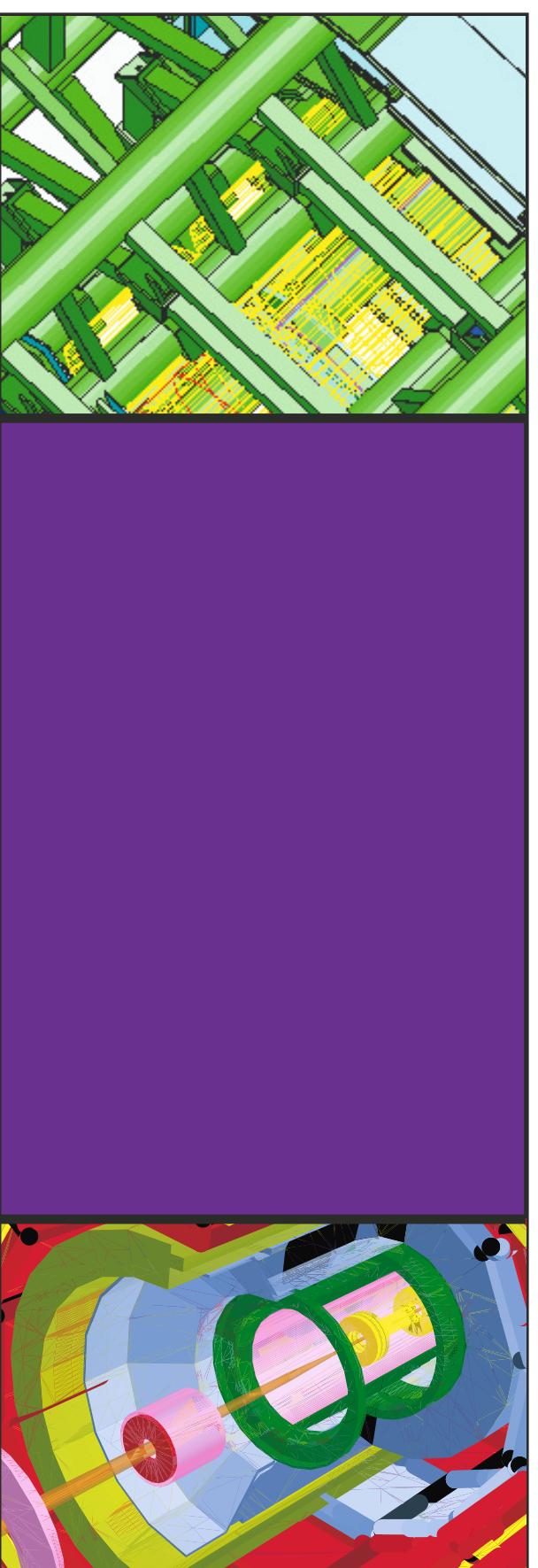




European
Organization
for Nuclear
Research



Geant4

A toolkit to simulate the interaction
of particles with matter



Collaborators also from
non-member institutions,
including

Budker Inst. of Physics
IHEP Protvino
MEPHI Moscow

Technical questions
J. Apostolakis
PH Department
CERN - European Organization for Nuclear Research
CH-1211 Geneva 23
Tel. +41 22 767 72 39
E-mail: John.Apostolakis@cern.ch
<http://cern.ch/geant4>

Licensing questions
Technology Transfer Service/ETT
CERN - European Organization for Nuclear Research
CH-1211 Geneva 23
Tel. +41 22 767 84 44
Fax: +41 22 767 35 40
E-mail: HelpDesk-TT@cern.ch
<http://cern.ch/TTdb>

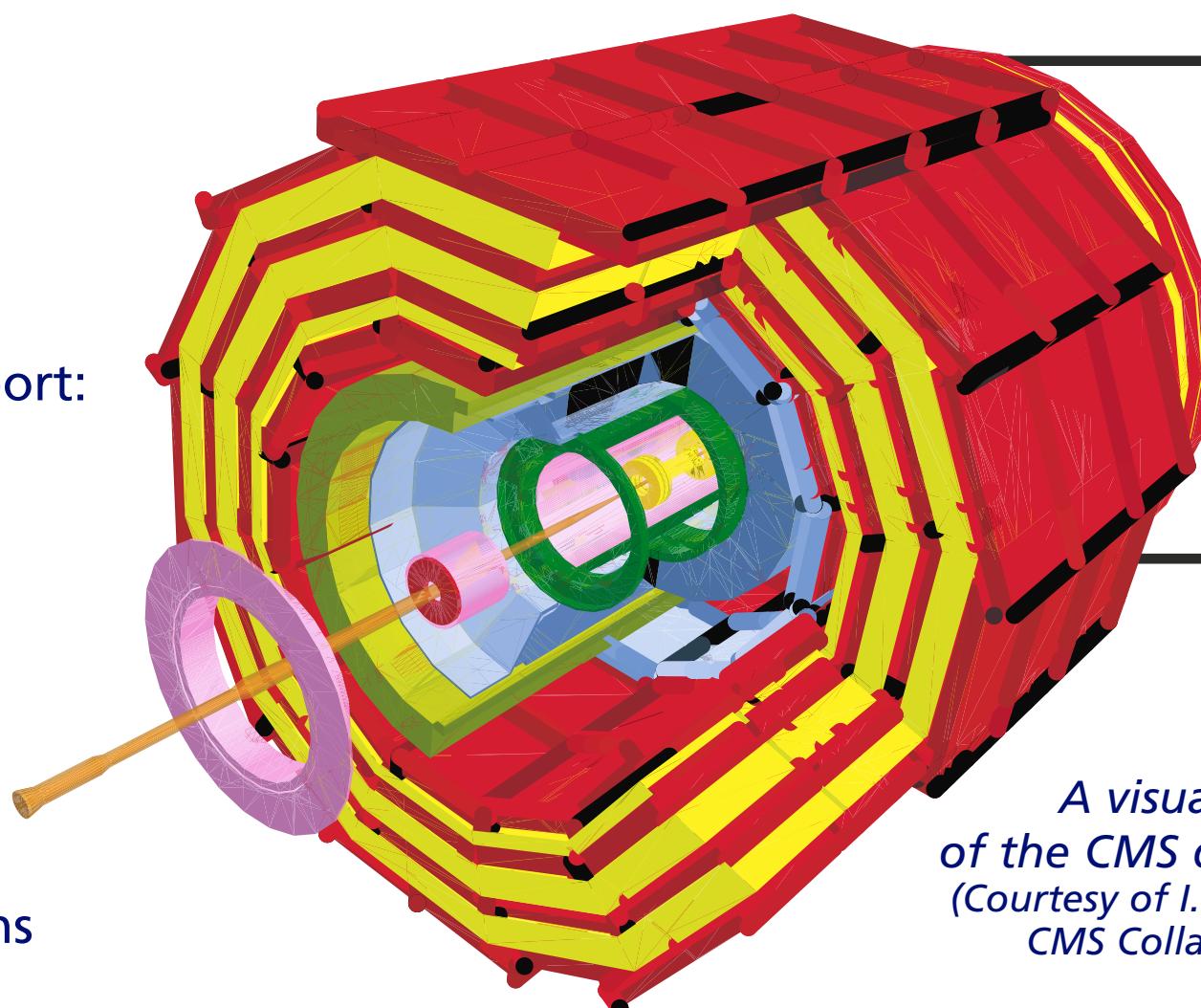
Concept

Geant4 simulates the passage of particles through matter.
It provides a complete set of tools for all domains of radiation transport:

- Geometry and Tracking
- Physics processes and models
- Biasing and Scoring
- Graphics and User Interfaces
- Propagation in fields.

Geant4 physics processes describe electromagnetic and nuclear interactions of particles with matter, at energies from eV to TeV.
A choice of physics models exists for many processes providing options for applications with different accuracy and time requirements.

The toolkit is developed, maintained and supported by Geant4, a world-wide collaboration of about 100 scientists from many institutions, contributing in their area of expertise. Developers interact constantly with users, and combine efforts to validate physics results for application in high energy physics experiments, space and medical studies.



*A visualization
of the CMS detector
(Courtesy of I. Osborne,
CMS Collaboration)*

Applications

High energy and nuclear physics detectors

- ATLAS, CMS, HARP and LHCb at CERN and BaBar at SLAC

Accelerator and shielding

- Linacs for medical use

Medicine

▪ Radiotherapy

- photon, proton and light ion beams
- brachytherapy
- boron and gadolinium neutron capture therapy

▪ Simulation of scanners

- PET & SPECT with GATE (Geant4 Application for Tomographic Emission)

Space

▪ Satellites

- effect of space environment on components (especially electronics)
- shielding of instruments
- charging effects

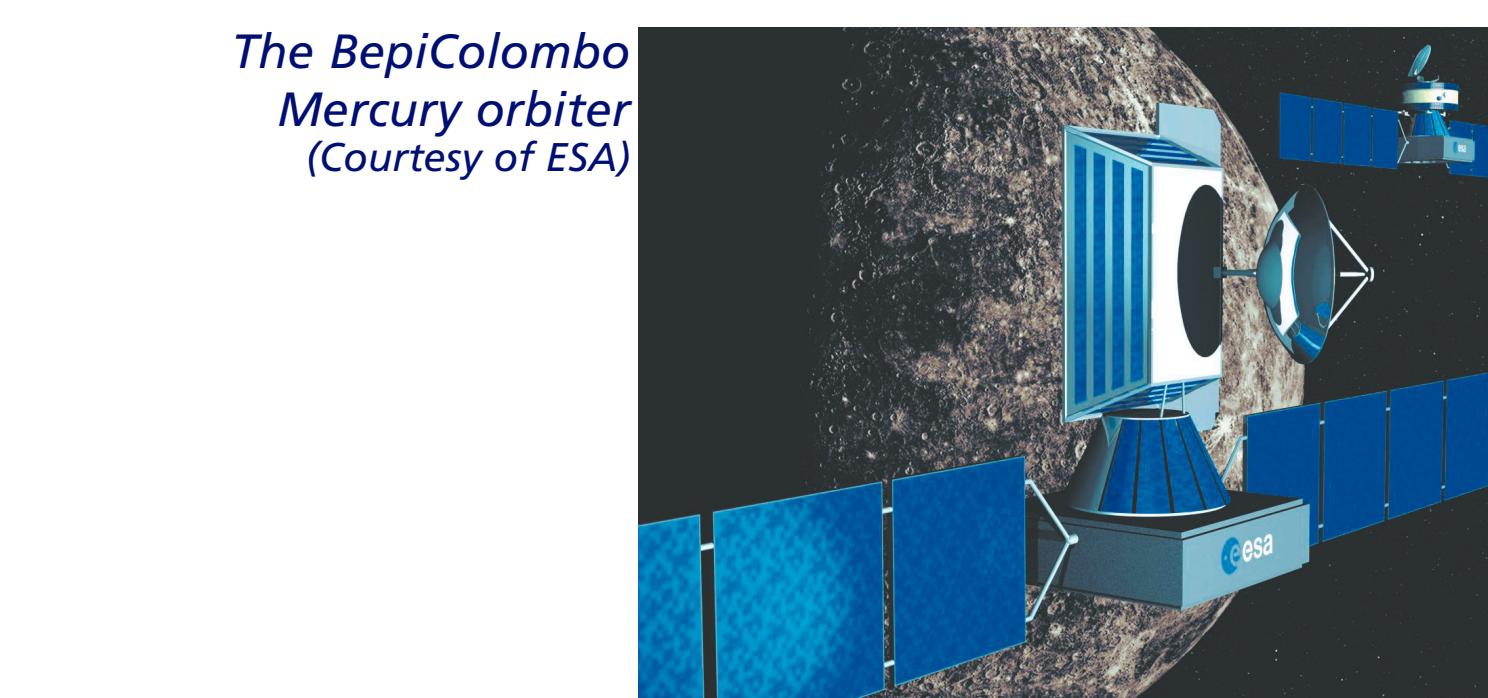
▪ Space environment

- cosmic ray cut-offs

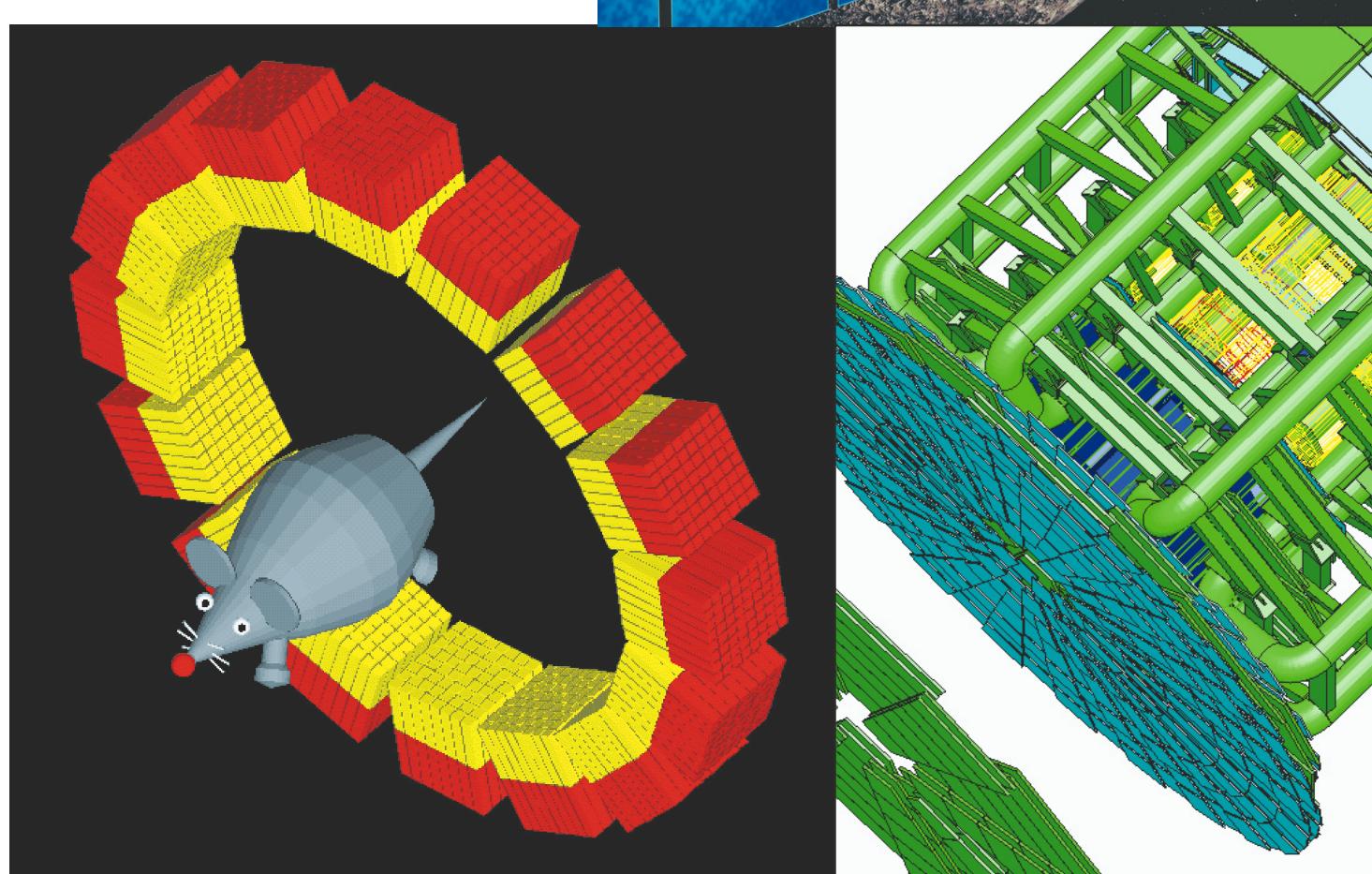
▪ Astronauts

- dose estimates

*The BepiColombo
Mercury orbiter
(Courtesy of ESA)*



*Simulation of small
PET scanner using GATE
(Courtesy of the
OpenGATE collaboration)*



Advantages

- Simulates the geometries of complex setups efficiently
- Provides configurations of physics processes for application areas
- Enables user to tailor simulation components and address accuracy needs
- Performant and adaptable
- Easy to embed into specific applications



*XMM-Newton X-ray telescope: the effects of
the radiation environment on its instruments was
modeled with Geant4 prior to launch in 1999
(Courtesy of ESA)*



The European Organization for Nuclear Research (CERN), one of the world's foremost particle physics laboratories, has introduced an active Technology Transfer policy to establish its competence in European industrial and scientific environments, and to demonstrate clear benefits of the results obtained from the considerable resources made available to particle physics research.

Technology Transfer is an integral part of CERN's principal mission of fundamental research.



Technology
Transfer

<http://knowledgetransfer.web.cern.ch/technology-transfer/external-partners/geant4>